What is claimed is:

1. An achiral biaryl-type compound in which the biaryl-type compound is at least one compound selected from the group consisting of a biphenyl dicarboxylic acid derivative represented by the following general formula (I):

$$X \xrightarrow{CO_2R} COY \\ \vdots \\ X$$

(wherein R is H, Me-, Et-, i-Pt-, n-Bu-, i-Bu- or t-Bu- and X is H, Me-, Me₂N-, MeO-, NO₂-, NH₂-, CN-, Cl or Br, and Y is OH-, CN-, \bigcap_{N}^{N} or \bigcap_{N}^{N-N} , provided that X is Me₂N- or CN- when R=H and Y=OH, X is Me-, Me₂N-, NO₂-, NH₂- or CN- when R=Me and Y=OH, and X is Me-, Me₂N-, MeO-, NO₂-, NH₂- or CN- when R=Et and Y=OH, and R is t-Bu- when X=H and Y=OH), \bigcap_{N}^{N} , 2'-binaphthyl dicarboxylic acid derivative represented by the following general formula (II):

$$CO_2R$$
 COY
 COY
 COY

(wherein R is H, Me-, Et-, i-Pr-, n-Bu-, i-Bu- or t-Bu- and Y is OH-, CN-, (N-N) or (N-N), and may contain a compound formed by cyclizing $-CO_2R$ with -COY to form -C-O-C-), 7, 7'-biquinoline dicarboxylic acid and derivatives thereof represented by the following general formula (IV):

 $\frac{5\%}{N}$ $\frac{\text{CO}_2 R}{\text{COY}}$ $\frac{5\%}{N}$ $\frac{1}{N}$

(wherein R is H, Me-, Et-, i-Pr-, n-Bu-, i-Bu- or t-Bu- and Y is OH-, CN-, $\bigcap_{N} \bigcap_{N} \bigcap$

$$\begin{array}{c} CO_2R \\ COY \\ \end{array} \\ \cdots \\ (V)$$

(wherein R is H, Me-, Et-, i-Pr-, n-Bu-, i-Bu- or t-Bu- and Y is OH-, CN-, \bigcap_{N}^{N} or \bigcap_{N}^{N-N} , and may contain a compound formed by cyclizing $-CO_2R$

with -COY to form -C-O-C-), 2, 2'-bibenzo(g)quinoline dicarboxylic acid and derivatives thereof represented by the following general formula (VI):

$$\bigcap_{N} \bigcap_{CO_{2}R} \bigcap_{COY} \cdots \cdots (VI)$$

(wherein R is H, Me-, Et-, i-Pr-, n-Bu-, i-Bu- or t-Bu- and Y is OH-, CN-, (N-N) or (N-N), and may contain a compound formed by cyclizing $-CO_2R$ with -COY to form -C-O-C-), and 3, 3'-biacridine dicarboxylic acid and derivatives thereof represented by the following general formula (VII):

(wherein R is H, Me-, Et-, i-Pr-, n-Bu-, i-Bu- or t-Bu- and Y is OH, CN, \bigcap_{N}^{N} or \bigcap_{N}^{N-N} , and may contain a compound formed by cyclizing $-CO_2R$ with -COY to form -C-O-C-).

2. A circular dichroism (CD) color fixing agent for introducing an achiral CD chromophore into a chiral compound, in which the chiral compound is selected from the group consisting of alcohols, thiols and

amines, and the CD color fixing agent comprises at least one achiral biaryl-type compound selected from the group consisting of 2, 2'-binaphthyl dicarboxylic acid, 2, 2'-biquinoline dicarboxylic acid, 7, 7'-biquinoline dicarboxylic acid, 2, 2'-bianthracene dicarboxylic acid, 2, 2'-bibenzo(g)quinoline dicarboxylic acid, 3, 3'-biacridine dicarboxylic acid and derivatives thereof and a biphenyl dicarboxylic acid derivative other than biphenyl dicarboxylic acid anhydride.

- 3. A method for determining an absolute configuration of a chiral compound, which comprises steps of:
- (a) selecting a chiral compound from the group consisting of alcohols, thiols and amines;
- (b) introducing an achiral CD chromophore into the chiral compound; and
- (c) determining an absolute configuration of the chiral compound from relative bulkiness of a substituent on α -carbon, preferential order in a sequence rule (CIP method) and sign of exciton chirality.
- 4. The method according to claim 3, wherein the CD _ chromophore is a biaryl-type chromophore.
- 5. The method according to claim 3, wherein the CD ____ chromophore reacting with the chiral compound comprises at least one achiral biaryl-type compound selected from the group consisting of biphenyl dicarboxylic acid, 2, 2'-binaphthyl dicarboxylic acid, 2, 2'-biquinoline dicarboxylic acid, 7, 7'-biquinoline dicarboxylic acid, 2, 2'-bianthracene dicarboxylic acid, 2, 2'-bibenzo(g)quinoline dicarboxylic acid, 3, 3'-biacridine dicarboxylic acid and derivatives thereof.